



County of Los Angeles • Department of Public Health List of Reportable Diseases and Conditions

Summary of Changes: November 2019

Multiple changes have been made to the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health's list of reportable diseases (Title 17, California Code of Regulations §2500). Section 2500 specifies that every healthcare provider, knowing of or in attendance on a case or suspected case of any of the included diseases or conditions, to report to the local health officer for the jurisdiction where the patient resides. Reports are required within the specified timeframe. This updated list (dated November 11, 2019) supersedes all previous versions of the list. Please discard older versions. The following is a summary of the recent changes.

Deletions from the list.

The following conditions have been removed and are no longer required to be reported to LAC DPH:

- Amebiasis
- Chlamydia trachomatis infections, including lymphogranuloma venereum (LGV); these infections will continue to be required to be reported by laboratories

Additions to the list.

The following conditions have been **added** and are now required to be reported to LAC DPH within the required timeframe:

- Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection, any stage report within seven (7) calendar days
- Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS) report immediately by telephone
- Paratyphoid Fever report within one (1) working day

Reportable conditions specific to Los Angeles County.

Local reporting requirements differ from state and federal requirements. The following unique requirements are mandated by and reportable to the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health:

- Candida auris report within one (1) working day (added to the November 2019 list)
- Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE), including Klebsiella sp., E. coli, and Enterobacter sp., in acute care hospitals or skilled nursing facilities report electronically via the National Healthcare Safety Network (www.cdc.gov/nhsn/index.html) within seven (7) calendar days
- Chagas Disease report within seven (7) calendar days (added to the November 2019 list)
- Influenza-associated deaths in laboratory confirmed cases, all ages report within seven (7) calendar days
- Myelitis, acute flaccid report within seven (7) calendar days
- Nontuberculous mycobacteria, extrapulmonary report within seven (7) calendar days (added to the November 2019 list)
- Streptococcus pneumoniae: Invasive cases only, sterile body site infections report within one (1) working day (revised on the November 2019 list)
- Streptococcus pyogenes (Group A Streptococcus): Invasive cases only, including necrotizing fasciitis and STSS report within one (1) working day (revised on the November 2019 list)